



1/2"

## STANDARD

Cable type : 5128

Reference : EC4-50

Cable with standard UV resistant PE jacket,  
halogen free according to IEC 60754

## CHARACTERISTICS

## Construction

• Inner conductor		
Material	copper clad aluminium wire	
Diameter (mm)	4.9	
• Dielectric		
Material	gas-injected cellular polyethylene	
Diameter (mm)	12.4	
• Outer conductor		
Material	corrugated copper tube	
Diameter (mm)	13.8	
• Outer sheath		
Material	black polyethylene	
Thickness (mm)	1.1	
Diameter (mm)	16.0	

## Mechanical characteristics

• Minimum bending radius	
a) single bending (cm)	7
b) 15 repeated bends (cm)	12
• Maximum pulling strength (daN)	
	90
• Recommended temperature range	
- Storage	-70 to +85 °C
- Installation	-40 to +60 °C
- Operation	-55 to +85 °C
• Max. length per hoisting grip (m)	
	70
• Maximum hanger spacing (m)	
	1
• Flat plate crush resistance (kg/mm)	
	1.2
• Bending moment (Nm)	
	3.3
• Approximate weight (kg/km)	
	210

## Electrical characteristics

• Characteristic impedance ( $\Omega$ )	50 $\pm$ 1
• Nominal capacity (pF/m)	76
• Relative propagation velocity (%)	88
• Inductance ( $\mu$ H/m)	0.189
• DC-resistance at 20°C	
- inner conductor ( $\Omega$ /km)	1.48
- outer conductor ( $\Omega$ /km)	2.3
• RF peak voltage (kV)	1.6
• RF peak power (kW)	25.6
• Cut-off-frequency (GHz)	9.8
• Insulation resistance (M $\Omega$ .km)	>> 5000

• Attenuation<sup>[1]</sup> and power rating

Frequency (MHz)	Attenuation at 20°C <sup>[2]</sup> (dB/100m)	Mean power rating <sup>[3]</sup> (kW)
20	0.95	8.31
30	1.17	6.77
80	1.92	4.11
100	2.15	3.67
150	2.65	2.98
200	3.07	2.57
300	3.79	2.08
400	4.41	1.79
450	4.69	1.68
500	4.96	1.59
600	5.46	1.45
700	5.92	1.33
800	6.36	1.24
894	6.74	1.17
960	7.01	1.13
1000	7.16	1.10
1500	8.91	0.89
1700	9.54	0.83
1800	9.85	0.80
1880	10.08	0.78
2000	10.43	0.76
2170	10.91	0.72
2200	10.99	0.72
2300	11.27	0.70
2400	11.54	0.68
2500	11.80	0.67
2700	12.32	0.64
3000	13.06	0.60
4000	15.36	0.51
6000	19.39	0.41

[1] The attenuation can be approximated by the formula:

$$\alpha(f[\text{MHz}]) = A \cdot \sqrt{f[\text{MHz}]} + B \cdot f[\text{MHz}] \quad (\text{dB}/100\text{m})$$

$$A = 0.21$$

$$B = 0.00052$$

[2] Nominal values

[3] Ambient temperature = 40°C; temperature of inner conductor = 100°C;  
VSWR = 1.0; no solar loading